

PUBLIC RI REPORT

2021 PILOT

Desjardins Investment Inc.

Generated 2022-11-21

About this report

The PRI Reporting Framework helps to build a common language and industry standard for reporting responsible investment activities. **Public RI Reports** provide accountability and transparency on signatories' responsible investment activities and support dialogue within signatories' organisations, as well as with their clients, beneficiaries and other stakeholders.

This **Public RI Report** is an export of the signatory's responses to the PRI Reporting Framework during the 2021 reporting period. It includes the signatory's responses to mandatory indicators, as well as responses to voluntary indicators that the signatory has agreed to make public.

The information is presented exactly as it was reported. Where an indicator offered a multiple-choice response, all options that were available to select from are included for context. While presenting the information verbatim results in lengthy reports, the approach is informed by signatory feedback that signatories prefer that the PRI does not summarise the information.

Context

In consultation with signatories, between 2018 and 2020 the PRI extensively reviewed the Reporting and Assessment processes and set the ambitious objective of launching in 2021 a completely new investor Reporting Framework, together with a new reporting tool.

We ran the new investor Reporting and Assessment process as a pilot in its first year, and such process included providing additional opportunities for signatories to provide feedback on the Reporting Framework, the online reporting tool and the resulting reports. The feedback from this pilot phase has been, and is continuing to be analysed, in order to identify any improvements that can be included in future reporting cycles.

PRI disclaimer

This document presents information reported directly by signatories in the 2021 reporting cycle. This information has not been audited by the PRI or any other party acting on its behalf. While this information is believed to be reliable, no representations or warranties are made as to the accuracy of the information presented.

The PRI has taken reasonable action to ensure that data submitted by signatories in the reporting tool is reflected in their official PRI reports accurately. However, it is possible that small data inaccuracies and/or gaps remain, and the PRI shall not be responsible or liable for such inaccuracies and gaps.

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Senior Leadership Statement (SLS)

Senior leadership statement

Our commitment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S1	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Our commitment	GENERAL

- Why does your organisation engage in responsible investment?
- What is your organisation's overall approach to responsible investment?
- What are the main differences between your organisation's approach to responsible investment in its ESG practice and in other practices, across asset classes?

Desjardins firmly believes that it is possible to offer relevant and effective investment solutions to its members and clients while having a positive impact on the environment and communities. In fact, responsible investment represents for us one of the most important levers to accomplish our mission, which is to contribute to the economic and social well-being of individuals and communities. It is therefore not surprising that for more than 30 years, Desjardins has offered investment products that integrate environmental, social and governance factors to its members and clients.

Desjardins sets itself apart through the variety of responsible investment approaches and the diversity of the solutions it offers to its members and clients. First, the exclusion of companies in certain sectors applies to all of the investment solutions developed by Desjardins Investments (DI), namely mutual funds and market linked guaranteed investments (MLGI). Then, the integration of ESG factors into investment decisions applies to all of the Desjardins Funds and to several responsible options for MLGI. Shareholder engagement is also part of responsible investing approaches that apply to all solutions for which DI holds securities on behalf of its members and clients.

Then, the approach adopted for the offering of SocieTerra funds and portfolios is enhanced at all levels. It responds to our most convinced members and clients in terms of exclusions, integration of ESG factors and shareholder engagement. The SocieTerra offer is without a doubt the most comprehensive and varied on the Canadian market. Our members and clients can now invest in solutions that provide exposure to all major asset classes. In addition, DI also offers impact thematic funds that invest in the securities of issuers aimed at generating positive impacts for society and the planet.

Our practices for developing investment solutions are increasingly consistent across all of our offerings. In short, we make sure that we meet the needs of our members and clients and we make informed investment decisions based on robust and rigorous financial analyzes, but also by considering the management of risks and the business opportunities inherent to ESG issues.

Annual overview

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S2	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Annual overview	GENERAL

- Discuss your organisation's progress during the reporting year on the responsible investment issue you consider most relevant or material to your organisation or its assets.
- Reflect on your performance with respect to your organisation's responsible investment objectives and targets during the reporting year. This might involve e.g. outlining your single most important achievement, or describing your general progress, on topics such as the following:
 - refinement of ESG analysis and incorporation
 - stewardship activities with investees and/or with policy makers
 - o collaborative engagements
 - attainment of responsible investment certifications and/or awards

Always attentive to its members and customers, DI has taken an important step in 2020 by adding fossil fuels to the exclusions already in place for its SocieTerra product line. This important development was the result of a long reflection considering the importance of this sector in the Canadian economy. A fund promoting diversity was also launched last year to enhance the offer of thematic impact funds, which already include environment and clean technologies.

It should be noted that DI's activities are part of a broader orientation that aims to offer responsible investment options in several product lines to Desjardins members and clients. Thus, in addition to mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, guaranteed investment funds as well as MLGI offered by Desjardins Group all offer a variety of responsible investment options. New options for 2020 include the addition of Women's Impact and Sustainable Water Management guaranteed investments. These 2 options have been added to the PrioriTerra guaranteed investment, already offered for 9 years now.

Thus, in 2020, DI's responsible investment assets grew by more than \$ 2,014 million to reach \$ 6,521 million. This is the best annual growth ever recorded in responsible investment assets at Desjardins.

Based on an open architecture model, DI is also very active in ensuring that all managers of the Desjardins Funds rigorously integrate ESG factors in their investment decisions. The requirements in this area will also be increased and supported by a new, even more comprehensive and robust due diligence process developed in 2020.

Finally, what better than our 2020 Annual Report on Responsible Investment to demonstrate all that has been accomplished over the past year and our ongoing commitment.

Next steps

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S3	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Next steps	GENERAL

What specific steps has your organisation outlined to advance your commitment to responsible investment in the next two years?

DI is very active in educating its leaders, employees and financial advisors. In addition to its own RI certification program, which it offers to independent advisors, it has also given several hundred Desjardins advisors privileged access to the training program of the Responsible Investment Association of Canada.

On the other hand, market research shows how much remains to be done. For example, Canadians show a strong interest (75%) in responsible investment, but their ownership remains low (14%), the result of an equally low rate of proposals from their advisors (15%). This is why education will remain a priority for DI over the next few years.

Endorsement

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SLS 1 S4	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Endorsement	GENERAL

The Senior Leadership Statement has been prepared and/or reviewed by the undersigned and reflects our organisation-wide commitment and approach to responsible investment.

Name	Sébastien Vallée		
Position	Chief of Operations and General Manager		
Organisation's name	Desjardins Investments Inc.		

[•] This endorsement is for the Senior Leadership Statement only and is not an endorsement of the information reported by Desjardins Investment Inc. in the various modules of the Reporting Framework. The Senior Leadership Statement is simply provided as a general overview of Desjardins Investment Inc.'s responsible investment approach. The Senior Leadership Statement does not constitute advice and should not be relied upon as such, and is not a substitute for the skill, judgement and experience of any third parties, their management, employees, advisors and/or clients when making investment and other business decisions.

Organisational Overview (OO)

Organisational information

Categorisation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 1	CORE	Signatory category	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Categorisation	GENERAL

Select the type that best describes your organisation or the services you provide.

(O) Fund management

(2) This is an additional (secondary) type

(P) Fund of funds, manager of managers or sub-advised products

(1) This is our only (or primary) type

Subsidiary information

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 2	CORE	N/A	OO 2.1	PUBLIC	Subsidiary information	GENERAL

Does your organisation have subsidiaries that are also PRI signatories in their own right?

 \circ (A) Yes

(B) No

Reporting year

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 3	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Reporting year	GENERAL

Indicate the year-end date for your reporting year.

	Month	Day	Year
Reporting year end date:	December	31	2020

Assets under management

All asset classes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 4	CORE	OO 4.1, OO 4.2	N/A	PUBLIC	All asset classes	GENERAL

What were your total assets under management (AUM) at the end of the indicated reporting year? Provide the amount in USD.

(A) AUM of your organisation, including subsidiaries	US\$ 33,827,423,335.00
(B) AUM of subsidiaries that are PRI signatories in their own right and excluded from this submission	US\$ 0.00
(C) AUM subject to execution, advisory, custody, or research advisory only	US\$ 0.00

Asset breakdown

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a percentage breakdown of your total assets under management at the end of your indicated reporting year.

Percentage of AUM

(A) Listed equity – internal	0.0%
(B) Listed equity – external	50-75%
(C) Fixed income – internal	0.0%
(D) Fixed income – external	10-50%
(E) Private equity – internal	0.0%
(F) Private equity – external	0.0%
(G) Real estate – internal	0.0%
(H) Real estate – external	0.0%
${\rm (I)\ Infrastructure-internal}$	0.0%
(J) Infrastructure – external	0.0%
(K) Hedge funds – internal	0.0%
(L) Hedge funds – external	0.0%
(M) Forestry – internal	0.0%
(N) Forestry – external	0.0%
(O) Farmland – internal	0.0%

(P) Farmland – external	0.0%
(Q) Other – internal, please specify:	0.0%
(R) Other – external, please specify:	0.0%
(S) Off-balance sheet – internal	0-10%
(T) Off-balance sheet – external	0-10%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.1	CORE	OO 5	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a breakdown of your organisation's externally managed assets between segregated mandates and pooled funds or investments.

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income	(10) Off- balance sheet
(A) Segregated mandate(s)	>75%	>75%	>75%
(B) Pooled fund(s) or pooled investment(s)	0-10%	0-10%	0-10%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.2 LE	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your listed equity assets.

	(B) External allocation – segregated	(C) External allocation – pooled
(1) Passive equity	0.0%	>75%

(2) Active – quantitative	0-10%	0.0%
(3) Active – fundamental	>75%	0.0%
(4) Investment trusts (REITs and similar publicly quoted vehicles)	0.0%	0.0%
(5) Other, please specify:	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.2 FI	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your fixed income assets.

	(B) External allocation – segregated	(C) External allocation – pooled
(1) Passive – SSA	0.0%	>75%
(2) Passive – corporate	0.0%	0-10%
(3) Passive – securitised	0.0%	0.0%
(4) Active – SSA	10-50%	0.0%
(5) Active – corporate	50-75%	0.0%
(6) Active – securitised	0-10%	0.0%
(7) Private debt	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 5.2 OBS	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

Provide a further breakdown of your off-balance sheet assets.

	(1) Money market	(2) Derivatives	(3) Cash, cash equivalents or overlays
(A) Internal allocation	0.0%	>75%	0.0%
(B) External allocation – segregated	10-50%	0-10%	50-75%
(C) External allocation – pooled	0.0%	10-50%	50-75%

ESG strategies

Externally managed assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6 SAM	CORE	OO 5.2 LE, OO 5.2 FI	OO 6.1 SAM	PUBLIC	Externally managed assets	1

Which ESG incorporation strategy and/or combination of strategies apply to your externally managed active listed equity and fixed income?

	(1) Listed equity - external	(2) Fixed income - SSA - external	(3) Fixed income – corporate - external	(4) Fixed income – securitised - external
(A) Screening alone	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(B) Thematic alone	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(C) Integration alone	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

(D) Screening and integration	>75%	>75%	>75%	>75%
(E) Thematic and integration	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(F) Screening and thematic	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(G) All three strategies combined	0-25%	0-25%	0-25%	0.0%
(H) None	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 6.1 SAM	CORE	OO 6 SAM	N/A	PUBLIC	Externally managed assets	1

What type of screening is applied to your externally managed active listed equity and fixed income?

	(1) Listed equity - external	(2) Fixed income - SSA - external	(3) Fixed income – corporate - external	(4) Fixed income – securitised - external
(A) Positive/best-in-class screening only	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(B) Negative screening only	>75%	>75%	>75%	>75%
(C) A combination of positive/best-in-class and negative screening	0-25%	0-25%	0-25%	0-25%

Externally managed assets

Captive relationships

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 7	CORE	OO 5	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Captive relationships	GENERAL

Does your organisation have a captive relationship with some or all of its external investment managers?

o (A) Yes

(B) No

Investment consultants

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 8	CORE	OO 5	SAM 1	PUBLIC	Investment consultants	GENERAL

Does your organisation engage investment consultants in the selection, appointment or monitoring of your external investment managers?

o (A) Yes

⊚ (B) No

Stewardship

Listed equity

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 9 LE	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.2 LE	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Listed equity	2

Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities for your listed equity assets?

	(1) Engagement on listed equity – active	(2) Engagement on listed equity – passive	(3) (Proxy) voting on listed equity – active	(4) (Proxy) voting on listed equity – passive
(A) Through service providers			V	
(B) Through external managers	Ø			
(C) Through internal staff			Ø	
(D) Collaboratively				
(E) We did not conduct this stewardship activity		Ø		Ø

Fixed income

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 9 FI	CORE	OO 5, OO 5.2 FI	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Fixed income	2

Does your organisation conduct stewardship activities for your fixed income assets?

	(1) Passive - SSA	(2) Passive – corporate	(4) Active – SSA	(5) Active – corporate	(6) Active – securitised
(A) Through service providers					
(B) Through external managers			Ø	Ø	Ø
(C) Through internal staff					
(D) Collaboratively					
(E) We did not conduct this stewardship activity for this strategy/asset type	Ø	Ø			

ESG incorporation

Internally managed assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 10	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Internally managed assets	1

For each internally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporate ESG into your investment decisions.

	(1) ESG incorporated into investment decisions	(2) ESG not incorporated into investment decisions
(X) Off-balance sheet	•	0

External manager selection

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
00 11	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	External manager selection	1

For each externally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporate ESG into external manager selection. Your response should refer to the selection of the external managers who managed the relevant asset classes during the reporting year, regardless of when such selection took place.

	(1) ESG incorporated into external manager selection	(2) ESG not incorporated into external manager selection
(A) Listed equity – passive	0	•
(B) Listed equity – active	•	0
(C) Fixed income – passive	0	•
(D) Fixed income – active	•	0

External manager appointment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 12	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	External manager appointment	1

For each externally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporate ESG into external manager appointment. Your response should refer to the appointment of the external managers who managed the relevant asset classes during the reporting year, regardless of when their appointment took place.

	(1) ESG incorporated into external manager appointment	(2) ESG not incorporated into external manager appointment
(A) Listed equity – passive	0	•
(B) Listed equity – active	•	0
(C) Fixed income – passive	0	•
(D) Fixed income – active	•	0
(L) Off-balance sheet	•	0

External manager monitoring

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 13	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	External manager monitoring	1

For each externally managed asset class, select whether or not you incorporated ESG into external manager monitoring during the reporting year.

	(1) ESG incorporated into external manager monitoring	(2) ESG not incorporated into external manager monitoring
(A) Listed equity – passive	0	•
(B) Listed equity – active	•	0
(C) Fixed income – passive	0	•
(D) Fixed income – active	•	0
(L) Off-balance sheet	•	0

Voluntary reporting

Voluntary modules

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 14	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Voluntary modules	GENERAL

The following modules are voluntary to report on in the separate PRI asset class modules as they account for less than 10% of your total AUM and are under USD 10 billion. Please select if you wish to voluntarily report on the module.

	(1) Yes, report on the module	(2) No, opt out of reporting on the module
(A) Listed equity	•	0
	ory to report on as they account for 10% or motion to report on as they account for 10% or motion to report on as they account for 10% or motion to report on as they account for 10% or motion for the report of th	
ISP: Investment and Stewardship Policy		
(J) External manager selection, appointment and monitoring (SAM) – listed equity		

ESG/sustainability funds and products

Labelling and marketing

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 16	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Labelling and marketing	GENERAL

What percentage of your assets under management in each asset class are ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products, and/or ESG/RI certified or labelled assets? Percentage figures can be rounded to the nearest 5% and should combine internally and externally managed assets.

Percentage

(B) Listed equity – active	0-25%		
(D) Fixed income – active	0-25%		

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 16.1	CORE	OO 16	ISP 52	PUBLIC	Labelling and marketing	GENERAL

What percentage of your total assets (per asset class) carry a formal ESG/RI certification or label? Percentage figures can be rounded to the nearest 5%.

Coverage of ESG/RI certification or label:

(A) Listed equity	0.0%
(B) Fixed income	0.0%

Climate investments

Asset breakdown

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 17	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Asset breakdown	GENERAL

What percentage of your assets under management is in targeted low-carbon or climate-resilient investments?

0 - 25%

Other asset breakdowns

Geographical breakdown

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 18	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Geographical breakdown	GENERAL

What is the geographical breakdown of your organisation's assets under management by investment destination (i.e. where the investments are located)?

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income - SSA	(3) Fixed income – corporate	(4) Fixed income – securitised
(A) Developed	>75%	>75%	>75%	>75%
(B) Emerging	0-25%	0-25%	0 - 25%	0-25%
(C) Frontier	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
(D) Other	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Management by PRI signatories

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 19	CORE	OO 5	N/A	PUBLIC	Management by PRI signatories	GENERAL

What approximate percentage (+/-5%) of your externally managed assets are managed by PRI signatories?

> 75%

Fixed income constraints

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 20	CORE	OO 5.2 FI	OO 20.1	PUBLIC	Fixed income constraints	GENERAL

What percentage of your fixed income assets are subject to constraints? The constraints may be regulatory requirements, credit quality restrictions, currency constraints or similar.

Internal and external fixed income assets subject to constraints

(A) Fixed income – SSA	>75%
(B) Fixed income – corporate	>75%
(C) Fixed income – securitised	>75%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 20.1	CORE	OO 20	N/A	PUBLIC	Fixed income constraints	GENERAL

Describe the constraints to your fixed income assets.

	Fixed income constraints
(A) Fixed income – SSA	All investment policies for bond funds include constraints on credit quality and/or currencies.
(B) Fixed income – corporate	All investment policies for bond funds include constraints on credit quality and/or currencies.
(C) Fixed income – securitised	All investment policies for bond funds include constraints on credit quality and/or currencies.

Context and explanation

ESG not incorporated

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
OO 35	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	ESG not incorporated	1, 2

Describe why you currently do not incorporate ESG into your assets and/or why you currently do not conduct stewardship.

	Description
(N) Externally managed: Listed equity – passive	We don't conduct or request ESG integration or stewardship, but we are aware that stewardship is conducted by these external managers. Those investments are mainly ETFs selected to provide broad market exposure in certain funds or portfolios, either for tactical exposure or for their low cost advantage.

(P) Externally managed: Fixed income – passive

We don't conduct or request ESG integration or stewardship, but we are aware that stewardship is conducted by these external managers. Those investments are mainly ETFs selected to provide broad market exposure in certain funds or portfolios, either for tactical exposure or for their low cost advantage.

Investment and Stewardship Policy (ISP)

Responsible investment policy & governance

Responsible investment policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 1	CORE	N/A	ISP 1.1, ISP 1.2	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

Does your organisation have a formal policy or policies covering your approach to responsible investment? Your approach to responsible investment may be set out in a standalone guideline, covered in multiple standalone guidelines or be part of a broader investment policy. Your policy may cover various responsible investment elements such as stewardship, ESG guidelines, sustainability outcomes, specific climate-related guidelines, RI governance and similar.

(A) Yes, we do have a policy covering our approach to responsible investment

o (B) No, we do not have a policy covering our approach to responsible investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 1.1	CORE	ISP 1	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

What elements does your responsible investment policy cover? The responsible investment elements may be set out in one or multiple standalone guidelines, or they may be part of a broader investment policy.

- \square (A) Overall approach to responsible investment
- ☐ (B) Guidelines on environmental factors
- \square (C) Guidelines on social factors
- \square (D) Guidelines on governance factors

- ☑ (E) Approach to stewardship
- ☑ (F) Approach to sustainability outcomes
- (G) Approach to exclusions
- (H) Asset class-specific guidelines that describe how ESG incorporation is implemented
- ☐ (I) Definition of responsible investment and how it relates to our fiduciary duty
- (J) Definition of responsible investment and how it relates to our investment objectives
- ☐ (K) Responsible investment governance structure
- □ (L) Internal reporting and verification related to responsible investment
- ☑ (M) External reporting related to responsible investment
- □ (N) Managing conflicts of interest related to responsible investment
- (O) Other responsible investment aspects not listed here, please specify:
- Selection, appointment and monitoring of portfolio managers

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 1.2	PLUS	ISP 1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

What mechanisms do you have in place to ensure that your policies are implemented in an aligned and consistent way across the organisation?

During the selection process of asset managers, we assess the integration of ESG considerations in their portfolio management process, including engagement process. Specific questions are also included our Due Diligence Questionnaire. We ensure that portfolio managers respect the investment policy, including RI criteria. ESG considerations are discussed in quarterly meetings with the portfolio managers.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 2	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	6

Indicate which of your responsible investment policy elements are publicly available and provide links.

- ☑ (A) Overall approach to responsible investment. Add link(s):
- https://www.fondsdesjardins.com/information/responsible-investment-policy.pdf
- ☑ (E) Approach to stewardship. Add link(s):
- $https://www.fondsdesjardins.com/information/droit_vote_en.pdf$
- ☑ (F) Approach to sustainability outcomes. Add link(s):
- https://www.fondsdesjardins.com/information/integral pro 1 en.pdf
- ☑ (G) Approach to exclusions. Add link(s):

- https://www.fondsdesjardins.com/information/responsible-investment-policy.pdf
- ☑ (H) Asset class-specific guidelines that describe how ESG incorporation is implemented. Add link(s):

- ☑ (J) Definition of responsible investment and how it relates to our investment objectives. Add link(s):
 - https://www.fondsdesjardins.com/information/responsible-investment-policy.pdf
- ☑ (M) External reporting related to responsible investment. Add link(s):
- https://www.fondsdesjardins.com/information/Annual Report Responsible Investment.pdf
- ☑ (O) Other responsible investment aspects [as specified] Add link(s):
- https://www.fondsdesjardins.com/information/responsible-investment-policy.pdf
- □ (P) Our responsible investment policy elements are not publicly available

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 3	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

What percentage of your total assets under management are covered by your policy elements on overall approach to responsible investment and/or guidelines on environmental, social and governance factors?

o (A) Overall approach to responsible investment

AUM coverage of all policy elements in total:

>75%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 4	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

Which elements does your exclusion policy include?

- (A) Legally required exclusions (e.g. those required by domestic/international law, bans, treaties or embargoes)
- ☑ (B) Exclusions based on our organisation's values or beliefs (e.g. regarding weapons, alcohol, tobacco and/or avoiding other particular sectors, products, services or regions)
- ☑ (C) Exclusions based on screening against minimum standards of business practice based on international norms (e.g. OECD guidelines, the UN Human Rights Declaration, Security Council sanctions or the UN Global Compact)

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 5	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1

What percentage of your total assets under management are covered by your asset class—specific guidelines that describe how ESG incorporation is implemented?

AUM Coverage:

(A) Listed Equity	0-25%
(B) Fixed Income	0-25%

Governance

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 6	CORE	N/A	ISP 8	PUBLIC	Governance	1

Do your organisation's board, chief-level staff, investment committee and/or head of department have formal oversight and accountability for responsible investment?

- ☑ (A) Board and/or trustees
- ☑ (B) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))
- ☑ (C) Investment committee
- \square (D) Other chief-level staff, please specify:
- \square (E) Head of department, please specify department:
- \square (F) None of the above roles have oversight and accountability for responsible investment

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 7	CORE	N/A	ISP 8	PUBLIC	Governance	1

In your organisation, which internal or external roles have responsibility for implementing responsible investment?

- \square (A) Board and/or trustees
- \square (B) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))
- ☑ (C) Investment committee
- \square (D) Other chief-level staff [as specified]
- ☐ (E) Head of department [as specified]
- ☑ (F) Portfolio managers
- \square (G) Investment analysts
- ☑ (H) Dedicated responsible investment staff
- \square (I) Investor relations
- ☑ (J) External managers or service providers
- \square (K) Other role, please specify:
- \square (L) Other role, please specify:
- \square (M) We do not have roles with responsibility for implementing responsible investment.

People and capabilities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 8	CORE	ISP 6, ISP 7	ISP 8.1, ISP 8.2	PUBLIC	People and capabilities	General

What formal objectives for responsible investment do the roles in your organisation have?

	(1) Board and/or trustees	(2) Chief- level staff	(3) Investment committee	(6) Portfolio managers	(8) Dedicated responsible investment staff	(10) External managers or service providers
(A) Objective for ESG incorporation in investment activities				Ø		Z
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach		Z	Ø	Ø	Ø	

(E) Other	(1) Board and/or trustees (E) Other objective related to responsible investment (as specified in ISP 8 option E)								
					jectives linked n your organis		ompensation for		
Which respons	sible investment objectiv	es are linked to va	riable compensa	tion for roles i	n your organis	sation?			
ISP 8.2	CORE	ISP 8	N/A	PUBLIC	People and	capabilities	General		
Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection		PRI Principle		
_	ify for "(E) Other object	ive related to resp	onsible investme	ent".					
	formal objectives for le investment exist for this role								
	er objective related to sible investment [as specified]								
	er objective related to sible investment [as specified]	Ø							
	Objective for ESG performance		Ø		V	Ø	Ø		
the organ activities findings f	tive for contributing to hisation's stewardship (e.g. through sharing from continuous ESG r investment decisions)					Ø	Ø		

(2) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO	O) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach	
(D) Objective for ESG performance	
(3) Investment committee	
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach	
(D) Objective for ESG performance	
(6) Portfolio managers	
(A) Objective on ESG incorporation in investment activities	
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach	
(D) Objective for ESG performance	
(8) Dedicated responsible investment staff	
(B) Objective for contributing to the development of the organisation's ESG incorporation approach	
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)	
(D) Objective for ESG performance	

(10) External managers or service providers

(A) Objective for ESG incorporation in investment activities	
(C) Objective for contributing to the organisation's stewardship activities (e.g. through sharing findings from continuous ESG research or investment decisions)	
(D) Objective for ESG performance	
(G) We have not linked any RI objectives to variable compensation	

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 9	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	People and capabilities	General

How frequently does your organisation assess the responsible investment capabilities and training needs among your investment professionals?

- o (A) Quarterly or more frequently
- (B) Bi-annually
- o (C) Annually
- o (D) Less frequently than annually
- o (E) On an ad hoc basis
- \circ (F) We do not have a process for assessing the responsible investment capabilities and training needs among our investment professionals

Strategic asset allocation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 10	CORE	N/A	ISP 10.1	PUBLIC	Strategic asset allocation	1

Does your organisation incorporate ESG factors into your strategic asset allocation?

- \square (A) We incorporate ESG factors into calculations for expected risks and returns of asset classes
- \square (B) We specifically incorporate physical, transition and regulatory changes related to climate change into calculations for expected risks and returns of asset classes
- (C) No, we do not incorporate ESG considerations into our strategic asset allocation
- \square (D) Not applicable, we do not have a strategic asset allocation process

Stewardship

Stewardship policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 11	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship policy	2

What percentage of your assets under management does your stewardship policy cover?

(A) Listed equity	>75%
(B) Fixed income	0.0%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 12	CORE	ISP 1.1	ISP 12.1	PUBLIC	Stewardship policy	2

Which elements does your organisation's stewardship policy cover? The policy may be a standalone guideline or part of a wider RI policy.

□ (A) Key stewardship objectives
□ (B) Prioritisation approach of ESG factors and their link to engagement issues and targets
□ (C) Prioritisation approach depending on entity (e.g. company or government)
\square (D) Specific approach to climate-related risks and opportunities
□ (E) Stewardship tool usage across the organisation, including which, if any, tools are out of scope and when and how different
tools are used and by whom (e.g. specialist teams, investment teams, service providers, external investment managers or similar)
□ (F) Stewardship tool usage for specific internal teams (e.g. specialist teams, investment teams or similar)
☑ (G) Stewardship tool usage for specific external teams (e.g. service providers, external investment managers or similar)
☐ (H) Approach to collaboration on stewardship
☑ (I) Escalation strategies
\square (J) Conflicts of interest
(K) Details on how the stewardship policy is implemented and which elements are mandatory, including how and when the
policy can be overruled
□ (L) How stewardship efforts and results should be communicated across the organisation to feed into investment decision-
making and vice versa
(M) None of the above elements are captured in our stewardship policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 12.1	PLUS	ISP 12	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship policy	2

Describe any additional details related to your stewardship policy elements or your overall stewardship approach.

Only proxy voting is covered by a stewardship policy. Proxy guidelines are also provided to our external service providers to address specific issues.

Stewardship policy implementation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 13	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship policy implementation	2

How is your stewardship policy primarily applied?

- (A) It requires our organisation to take certain actions
- \circ (B) It describes default actions that can be overridden (e.g. by investment teams for certain portfolios)
- \circ (C) It creates permission for taking certain measures that are otherwise exceptional
- o (D) We have not developed a uniform approach to applying our stewardship policy

Stewardship objectives

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 15	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship objectives	2

For the majority of assets within each asset class, which of the following best describes your primary stewardship objective?

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income	
(A) Maximise the risk–return profile of individual investments	0	0	
(B) Maximise overall returns across the portfolio	0	0	
(C) Maximise overall value to beneficiaries/clients	•	•	
(D) Contribute to shaping specific sustainability outcomes (i.e. deliver impact)	0	0	

Stewardship prioritisation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 16	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship prioritisation	2

What key criteria does your organisation use to prioritise your engagement targets? For asset classes such as real estate, private equity and infrastructure, you may consider this as key criteria to prioritise actions taken on ESG factors for assets, portfolio companies and/or properties in your portfolio. Select up to 3 options per asset class from the list.

	(1) Listed equity		
(A) The size of our holdings in the entity or the size of the asset, portfolio company and/or property			
(B) The materiality of ESG factors on financial and/or operational performance	Z		
(C) Specific ESG factors with systemic influence (e.g. climate or human rights)			
(D) The ESG rating of the entity			
(E) The adequacy of public disclosure on ESG factors/performance	☑		
(F) Specific ESG factors based on input from clients			
(G) Specific ESG factors based on input from beneficiaries			
(H) Other criteria to prioritise engagement targets, please specify:			

 ${\rm (I) \ We \ do \ not \ prioritise \ our } \\ {\rm engagement \ targets }$

Stewardship methods

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 17	PLUS	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship methods	2

Please rank the methods that are most important for your organisation in achieving its stewardship objectives. Ranking options: 1 = most important, 5 = least important.

(A) Internal resources (e.g. stewardship team, investment team, ESG team or staff)	We do not use this method
(B) External investment managers, third-party operators and/or external property managers (if applicable)	1
(C) External paid services or initiatives other than investment managers, third-party operators and/or external property managers (paid beyond a membership fee)	We do not use this method
(D) Informal or unstructured collaborations with peers	We do not use this method
(E) Formal collaborative engagements (e.g. PRI-coordinated collaborative engagements, Climate Action 100+, the Initiative Climat International (iCI) or similar)	We do not use this method

Collaborative stewardship

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 18	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	ISP 18.1	PUBLIC	Collaborative stewardship	2

Which of the following best describes your organisation's default position, or the position of the service providers/external managers acting on your behalf, with regards to collaborative stewardship efforts such as collaborative engagements?

- \circ (A) We recognise that stewardship suffers from a collective action problem, and, as a result, we actively prefer collaborative efforts
- \circ (B) We collaborate when our individual stewardship efforts have been unsuccessful or are likely to be unsuccessful, i.e. as an escalation tool
- o (C) We collaborate in situations where doing so would minimise resource cost to our organisation
- (D) We do not have a default position but collaborate on a case-by-case basis
- (E) We generally do not join collaborative stewardship efforts

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 18.1	PLUS	ISP 18	N/A	PUBLIC	Collaborative stewardship	2

Describe your position on collaborating for stewardship.

Our engagement activites are conducted by our external portfolio mamagers. We encourage them to join collaborations.

Escalation strategies

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 19	PLUS	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Escalation strategies	2

Which of these measures did your organisation, or the service providers/external managers acting on your behalf, use most frequently when escalating initial stewardship approaches that were deemed unsuccessful?

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income
(A) Collaboratively engaging the entity with other investors		
(B) Filing/co-filing/submitting a shareholder resolution or proposal		
(C) Publicly engaging the entity (e.g. open letter)		
(D) Voting against the re- election of one or more board directors	☑	
(E) Voting against the chair of the board of directors	☑	
(F) Voting against the annual financial report		
(G) Divesting or implementing an exit strategy	☑	
(H) We did not use any escalation measures during the reporting year. Please explain why below		

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 20	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Escalation strategies	2

If initial stewardship approaches were deemed unsuccessful, which of the following measures are excluded from the potential escalation actions of your organisation or those of the service providers/external managers acting on your behalf?

	(1) Listed equity	(2) Fixed income
(A) Collaboratively engaging the entity with other investors		
(B) Filing/co-filing/submitting a shareholder resolution or proposal		
(C) Publicly engaging the entity (e.g. open letter)	☑	Z
(D) Voting against the re- election of one or more board directors		
(E) Voting against the chair of the board of directors		Z
(F) Voting against the annual financial report	☑	Ø
(G) Divesting or implementing an exit strategy		
(H) We do not have any restrictions on the escalation measures we can use		

Alignment and effectiveness

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 21	PLUS	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Alignment and effectiveness	2

Describe how you coordinate stewardship across your organisation to ensure that stewardship progress and results feed into investment decision-making and vice versa.

We monitor the engagement conducted on our behalf by our external portfolio manager. In the case of non-conclusive engagement with an issuer, we may ask the portfolio manager to divest in this issuer if we think the issue is too highly sentive for our unitholders.

Engaging policymakers

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 23	CORE	N/A	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers	2

How does your organisation, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, engage with policymakers for a more sustainable financial system?

- ☑ (A) We engage with policymakers directly
- (B) We provide financial support, are members of and/or are in another way affiliated with third-party organisations, including trade associations and non-profit organisations, that engage with policymakers
- \square (C) We do not engage with policymakers directly or indirectly

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 23.1	CORE	ISP 23	N/A	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers	2

What methods do you, or the external investment managers or service providers acting on your behalf, use to engage with policymakers for a more sustainable financial system?

- \square (A) We participate in "sign-on" letters on ESG policy topics. Describe:
- ☑ (B) We respond to policy consultations on ESG policy topics. Describe:
 - DI works closely with the Desjardins business lines responsible for interactions with various government bodies.
- (C) We provide technical input on ESG policy change. Describe:

As a Desjardins 'representative sit on the technical committee, DI contributed to the elaboration of the Final Report of the Expert Panel on Sustainable Finance - Mobilizing Finance for Sustainable Growth supported by the Government of Canada set up this. Desjardins'representative was also seating in the Canadian Standards Association "Transition Finance Taxonomy" Group, (part of a National Standard of Canada for Transition Finance" to develop a transition finance taxonomy.

☑ (D) We proactively engage financial regulators on financial regulatory topics regarding ESG integration, stewardship, disclosure or similar. Describe:

As the promotion of sustainable finance is part of the Desjardins Group strategic plan, engagement with financial regulators is aligned with the corporate strategy. In 2020, Desjardins Group proactively engaged with financial regulators and legislators by sending letters to welcome new members, responding to briefs and consultations, all while sharing Desjardins's view on a more sustainable economy and finance and the need for better ESG disclosure.

☑ (E) We proactively engage regulators and policymakers on other policy topics. Describe:

Through its membership of the Powering Past Coal Alliance, Desjardins is partnering with governments to lead the energy transition. The PPCA Finance Taskforce members engage in joint advocacy among policy makers and businesses, promote the shift of finance from coal to clean energy in the public debate, and ensure financial markets and policy makers are informed about phase-out plans and coal financing flows.

☑ (F) Other methods used to engage with policymakers. Describe:

In multiple speches in conferences, Desjardins CEO shares his views of Desjardins ambition to play an active role in sustainable finance and need to have a sustainable finance in Canada.

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 23.2	CORE	ISP 23	N/A	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers	2

Do you have governance processes in place (e.g. board accountability and oversight, regular monitoring and review of relationships) that ensure your policy activities, including those through third parties, are aligned with your position on sustainable finance and your commitment to the 6 Principles of the PRI?

● (A) Yes, we have governance processes in place to ensure that our policy activities are aligned with our position on sustainable finance and our commitment to the 6 Principles of the PRI. Describe your governance processes:

Desjardins policy activities is aligned with Desjardins strategic plan, which include Sustainable Finance is one of Desjardins Strategic Directions. Desjardins has put in place a governance structure to ensure oversight and alignment across the organisation – Sustainable Finance issues are supervised by the board of directors, with the support of the Corporate Governance and Responsible Finance Commission and the Risk Management Commission. The Corporate Governance and Responsible Finance Commission ensures that Sustainable Finance issues are included in the overall strategy, which is implemented and monitored by the Desjardins Group Management Committee. The Desjardins Group Management Committee, supported by the ESG Steering Committee and the Finance and Risk Management Committee, is responsible for organization-wide Sustainable finance strategy implementation. The ESG Steering Committee is made up of 14 representatives, including DI's CEO, who represent our core business areas. The steering committee is supported by cross-sector ESG working groups (representing our business sectors and support functions respectively) and by working groups on climate-related risk quantification and disclosure, DI is an active member of these working group. For more information, see page 42 from Desjardins CSR report: https://www.desjardins.com/ressources/pdf/d50-rapport-sociale-2020-e.pdf? resVer=1616717356000

o (B) No, we do not have these governance processes in place. Please explain why not:

Engaging policymakers – Policies

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 24	CORE	ISP 23	ISP 24.1	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers – Policies	2

Do you have policies in place that ensure that your political influence as an organisation is aligned with your position on sustainable finance and your commitment to the 6 Principles of the PRI?

● (A) Yes, we have a policy(ies) in place. Describe your policy(ies):

Desjardins has a Sustainable development policy where Desjardins commits to lead by example to influence public policy and encourage businesses and individuals to commit to Sustainable Development and the Just Energy Transition. Furthermore, Desjardins Group departments are prohibited from donating money to political parties or organizations. This policy was reiterated in an internal communication before the fall 2019 federal election. Furthermore, any public policy engagement must be approved by the ESG steering committee of Desjardins Group.

o (B) No, we do not a policy(ies) in place. Please explain why not:

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 24.1	CORE	ISP 24	N/A	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers – Policies	2

Is your policy that ensures alignment between your political influence and your position on sustainable finance publicly disclosed?

https://www.desjardins.com/ressources/pdf/d50-politique-dd-mvt-2020-e.pdf

o (B) No, we do not publicly disclose this policy(ies)

Engaging policymakers – Transparency

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 25	CORE	ISP 23	N/A	PUBLIC	Engaging policymakers – Transparency	2

During the reporting year, did your organisation publicly disclose your policy engagement activities or those conducted on your behalf by external investment managers/service providers?

- \square (A) We publicly disclosed details of our policy engagement activities. Add link(s):
- $https://www.fondsdesjardins.com/information/Rapport_Annuel_Investissement_Responsable.pdf$
- ☑ (B) We publicly disclosed a list of our third-party memberships in or support for trade associations, think-tanks or similar that conduct policy engagement activities with our support or endorsement. Add link(s):
- https://www.fondsdesjardins.com/information/Rapport Annuel Investissement Responsable.pdf
- □ (C) No, we did not publicly disclose our policy engagements activities during the reporting year. Explain why:
- \square (D) Not applicable, we did not conduct policy engagement activities

Climate change

Public support

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 26	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Public support	General

Does your organisation publicly support the Paris Agreement?

- https://www.desjardins.com/ressources/pdf/d50-rapport-sociale-2020-e.pdf?resVer=1616717356000
- o (B) No, we currently do not publicly support the Paris Agreement

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 27	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Public support	General

Does your organisation publicly support the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)?

- - https://www.desjardins.com/ressources/pdf/d50-rapport-sociale-2020-e.pdf?resVer=1616717356000
- o (B) No, we currently do not publicly support the TCFD

Governance

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 28	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Governance	General

How does the board or the equivalent function exercise oversight over climate-related risks and opportunities?

- \square (A) By establishing internal processes through which the board or the equivalent function are informed about climate-related risks and opportunities. Specify:
- ☑ (B) By articulating internal/external roles and responsibilities related to climate. Specify:
 - Board are responsible to oversight the general allocation of resources. This includes the roles and responsibilities of the teams.
- □ (C) By engaging with beneficiaries to understand how their preferences are evolving with regard to climate change. Specify:
- (D) By incorporating climate change into investment beliefs and policies. Specify:
 - As part of DI activities, the board is responsible for approving decisions regarding the investment strategies and the selection of external managers.
- (E) By monitoring progress on climate-related metrics and targets. Specify:
- ☐ (F) By defining the link between fiduciary duty and climate risks and opportunities. Specify:
- ☑ (G) Other measures to exercise oversight, please specify:
 - The decisions of DI board regarding climate issues are closely linked to those made by Desjardins, a DI board member and executive also sits on the Desjardins ESG Steering Committee. This committee meets monthly.
- \square (H) The board or the equivalent function does not exercise oversight over climate-related risks and opportunities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 29	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Governance	General

What is the role of management in assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities?

- \square (A) Management is responsible for identifying climate-related risks/opportunities and reporting them back to the board or the equivalent function. Specify:
- \square (B) Management implements the agreed-upon risk management measures. Specify:
- (C) Management monitors and reports on climate-related risks and opportunities. Specify:

As part of DI activities, the c-suite is responsible for approving decisions regarding the investment strategies and the selection of external managers. They also periodically monitor extra-financial performance indicators, including climate-related indicators. The frequency depends on the availability of indicators, either quarterly or annually. This performance is compared to that of the benchmark of each of the Desjardins Funds with the aim of having a better positioning.

☑ (D) Management ensures adequate resources, including staff, training and budget, are available to assess, implement and monitor climate-related risks/opportunities and measures. Specify:

Managers are responsible for allocate appropriate resources, and establish clear roles and responsibilities for the staff. This includes the dedicated team who is responsible for managing portfolios. It therefore ensures an optimal distribution of the portfolios both from a financial perspective and in term of sustainability. It therefore ensures that the risks linked to climate change are minimized and that exposure to opportunities is favorable in each portfolio. The dedicated team also assesses these exposures and questions the external portfolio managers on the measures of exposure to risks and opportunities in the strategies that they manage. The team reports on extra-financial performance, including indicators related to climate change, to the Investment Committee. The team shares their observations or recommendations, if applicable.

- □ (E) Other roles management takes on to assess and manage climate-related risks/opportunities, please specify:
- ☐ (F) Our management does not have responsibility for assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities

Strategy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 30	CORE	N/A	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Strategy	General

Which climate-related risks and opportunities has your organisation identified within its investment time horizon(s)?

- \square (A) Specific financial risks in different asset classes. Specify:
- ☑ (B) Specific sectors and/or assets that are at risk of being stranded. Specify:

As part of our securities selection process, companies in certain sectors are immediately excluded due to the type of activities they carry out or because they don't meet the minimum ESG management requirements. For example, the SocieTerra line does not invest in companies that generate a major portion of their revenue from the extraction or production of oil, natural gas or thermal coal, specialized oil and natural gas transportation (e.g., pipelines), oil refining or coal-based energy production. In the latter case, investments might be considered if the company publicly shows a commitment to reducing, within a reasonable time horizon, the portion of coal in its energy mix for the purposes of energy transition. DI also track those sectors in all equity funds.

- □ (C) Assets with exposure to direct physical climate risk. Specify:
- □ (D) Assets with exposure to indirect physical climate risk. Specify:

DI is looking investment different extra the carbon	c sectors and/or assets that ng at the identification of cli is in companies that provides cternal managers whose appra- footprint of the funds compa- now a willingness to improve	mate-related risks by ta solutions or strategies oaches to security selec- ared to their benchmark	argeting investment str focusing on managing tion tend to mitigate of	ategies managing the transition ris climate-related ris	g these risks, eit ks. DI offer also sks with portfol	o core funds with ios seeking to lower
DI target of services. For	c sectors and/or assets the companies in a specific sector or example, the Desjardins Sconmental solutions or the De	whose activities contri ocieTerra Cleantech Fun	bute to a more sustain ad, which only invests	able economy, es in companies tha	specially throug t earn at least	50% of their income
	climate-related risks and ove not identified specific cli			in our organisa	tion's investm	ent time horizon
ndicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SP 30.1	CORE	ISP 30	N/A	PUBLIC	Strategy	General
For each of the identified.	ne identified climate-related	risks and opportuni (1) 3–5 months	(2) 6 months to 2 years	which investment (3) 2–4		n they were (4) 5–10 years
that are at	c sectors and/or assets risk of being stranded [as specified]					Ø
that are lil	c sectors and/or assets kely to benefit under a climate scenarios [as specified]		Ø	Ø		Ø
that cont	c sectors and/or assets ribute significantly to our climate goals [as specified]		Ø	V		Ø

(5) 11–20 years

√

(B) Specific sectors and/or assets that are at risk of being stranded [as specified]

(6) 21–30 years

(7) >30 years

(E) Specific sectors and/or assets that are likely to benefit under a range of climate scenarios [as specified]		
(F) Specific sectors and/or assets that contribute significantly to achieving our climate goals [as specified]	Ø	

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 31	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Strategy	General

Which climate-related risks and opportunities has your organisation identified beyond its investment time horizon(s)?

	(A)	Specific	financial	risks	in	${\rm different}$	asset	classes.	Specify:
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- □ (B) Specific sectors and/or assets that are at risk of being stranded. Specify:
- □ (C) Assets with exposure to direct physical climate risk. Specify:
- □ (D) Assets with exposure to indirect physical climate risk. Specify:
- ☑ (E) Specific sectors and/or assets that are likely to benefit under a range of climate scenarios. Specify:
- DI uses scenario analysis to assess climate-related investment risks and opportunities at fund level, including the potential for loss.
- □ (F) Specific sectors and/or assets that contribute significantly to achieving our climate goals. Specify:
- ☑ (G) Other climate-related risks and opportunities identified, please specify:
 - The technologies under development and not currently financially viable under current conditions.
- □ (H) We have not identified specific climate-related risks and opportunities beyond our organisation's investment time horizon

Strategy: Scenario analysis

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 33	CORE	N/A	ISP 33.1	PUBLIC	Strategy: Scenario analysis	General

Does your organisation use scenario analysis to assess climate-related investment risks and opportunities? Select the range of scenarios used.

- ☑ (A) An orderly transition to a 2°C or lower scenario
- ☑ (B) An abrupt transition consistent with the Inevitable Policy Response
- (C) A failure to transition, based on a 4°C or higher scenario
- \square (D) Other climate scenario, specify:
- □ (E) We do not use scenario analysis to assess climate-related investment risks and opportunities

Sustainability outcomes

Set policies on sustainability outcomes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 40	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Set policies on sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Where is your approach to sustainability outcomes set out? Your policy/guideline may be a standalone document or part of a wider responsible investment policy.

\Box ((\mathbf{A})	Our	approach	to	sustainability	out comes	is	set	out	in	our	responsible	investmen	t p	olic	у
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 \Box (E) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in separate guidelines on specific outcomes (e.g. the SDGs, climate or human rights)

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 41	CORE	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Set policies on sustainability outcomes	1, 2

Which global or regionally recognised frameworks do your policies and guidelines on sustainability outcomes refer to?

√ ((\mathbf{A})	The SDG	goals	and	targets	
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- ☐ (B) The Paris Agreement
- □ (C) The UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights
- \square (D) The OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, including guidance on Responsible Business Conduct for Institutional Investors
- \square (E) Other frameworks, please specify:
- \Box (F) Other frameworks, please specify:

^{□ (}B) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in our exclusion policy

^{☐ (}C) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in our stewardship policy

^{☑ (}D) Our approach to sustainability outcomes is set out in asset class-specific investment guidelines

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 42	PLUS	ISP 1.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Set policies on sustainability outcomes	1, 2

What are the main reasons that your organisation has established policies or guidelines on sustainability outcomes? Select a maximum of three options.

- \square (A) Because we understand which potential financial risks and opportunities are likely to exist in (and during the transition to) an SDG-aligned world
- \square (B) Because we see it as a way to identify opportunities, such as through changes to business models, across supply chains and through new and expanded products and services
- \square (C) Because we want to prepare for and respond to legal and regulatory developments, including those that may lead to stranded assets
- ☑ (D) Because we want to protect our reputation and licence-to-operate (i.e. the trust of beneficiaries, clients and other stakeholders), particularly in the event of negative sustainability outcomes from investments
- ☑ (E) Because we want to meet institutional commitments on global goals (including those based on client or beneficiaries' preferences), and communicate on progress towards meeting those objectives
- \square (F) Because we consider materiality over longer time horizons to include transition risks, tail risks, financial system risks and similar
- ☑ (G) Because we want to minimise negative sustainability outcomes and increase positive sustainability outcomes of investments

Identify sustainability outcomes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 43	CORE	N/A	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

Has your organisation identified the intended and unintended sustainability outcomes from any of its activities?

- o (A) No, we have not identified the sustainability outcomes from our activities
- (B) Yes, we have identified one or more sustainability outcomes from some or all of our activities

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 44	CORE	ISP 43	ISP 44.1	PUBLIC	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

What frameworks/tools did your organisation use to identify the sustainability outcomes from its activities? Indicate the tools or frameworks you have used to identify and map some or all of your sustainability outcomes.

- \square (A) The UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) and targets
- ☑ (B) The Paris Agreement
- ☑ (C) The UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs)
- \square (D) The OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises, including guidance on Responsible Business Conduct for Institutional Investors
- ☐ (E) The EU Taxonomy
- ☐ (F) Other taxonomies (e.g. similar to the EU Taxonomy), please specify:
- \square (G) Other framework/tool, please specify:
- \square (H) Other framework/tool, please specify:
- \square (I) Other framework/tool, please specify:

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 44.1	CORE	ISP 44	N/A	PUBLIC	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

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4.	LU	AA TICOO	TO A CT	o,	uiu	your	organisation	испон	OIL	вивишившиу	Outcomes	11 0111 10	σ	111101000 +

- \square (A) At the asset level
- \square (B) At the economic activity level
- ☑ (C) At the company level
- \square (D) At the sector level
- ☐ (E) At the country/region level
- \square (F) At the global level
- \square (G) Other level(s), please specify:
- □ (H) We do not track at what level(s) our sustainability outcomes were identified

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 45	CORE	ISP 43	SO 1	PUBLIC	Identify sustainability outcomes	1

How has your organisation determined your most important sustainability outcome objectives?

- □ (A) Identifying sustainability outcomes that are closely linked to our core investment activities
- ☑ (B) Consulting with key clients and/or beneficiaries to align with their priorities
- □ (C) Assessing the potential severity (e.g. probability and amplitude) of specific negative outcomes over different timeframes
- (D) Focusing on the potential for systemic impacts (e.g. due to high level of interconnectedness with other global challenges)
- ☑ (E) Evaluating the potential for certain outcome objectives to act as a catalyst/enabler to achieve a broad range of goals (e.g. gender or education)
- ☐ (F) Analysing the input from different stakeholders (e.g. affected communities, civil society or similar)
- □ (G) Understanding the geographical relevance of specific sustainability outcome objectives
- \square (H) Other method, please specify:
- □ (I) We have not yet determined our most important sustainability outcome objectives

Transparency & Confidence-Building Measures

Information disclosed – ESG assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 46	CORE	OO 16	N/A	PUBLIC	Information disclosed – ESG assets	6

For the majority of your ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products, and/or your ESG/RI certified or labelled assets, what information about your ESG approach do you (or the external investment managers/service providers acting on your behalf) include in material shared with clients, beneficiaries and/or the public? The material may be marketing material, information targeted towards existing or prospective clients or information for beneficiaries.

- (A) A commitment to responsible investment (e.g. that we are a PRI signatory)
- \square (B) Industry-specific and asset class–specific standards that we align with (e.g. TCFD, or GRESB for property and infrastructure)
- (C) Our responsible investment policy (at minimum a summary of our high-level approach)
- (D) A description of our investment process and how ESG is considered
- (E) ESG objectives of individual funds
- ☑ (F) Information about the ESG benchmark(s) that we use to measure fund performance
- ☑ (G) Our stewardship approach

- ☑ (H) A description of the ESG criteria applied (e.g. sectors, products, activities, ratings and similar)
- ☑ (I) The thresholds for the ESG criteria applied in our investment decisions or universe construction
- (J) A list of our main investments and holdings
- ☑ (K) ESG case study/example from existing fund(s)
- \square (L)We do not include our approach to ESG in material shared with clients/beneficiaries/the public for the majority of our ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products, and/or our ESG/RI certified or labelled assets

Client reporting – ESG assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 48	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Client reporting – ESG assets	6

What ESG information is included in your client reporting for the majority of your ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products, and/or your ESG/RI certified or labelled assets?

- ☑ (A) Qualitative analysis, descriptive examples or case studies
- ☑ (B) Quantitative analysis or key performance indicators (KPIs) related to ESG performance
- ☑ (C) Progress on our sustainability outcome objectives
- (D) Stewardship results
- ☑ (E) Information on ESG incidents, where applicable
- (F) Analysis of ESG contribution to portfolio financial performance
- \square (G) We do not include ESG information in client reporting for the majority of our ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products, and/or our ESG/RI certified or labelled assets

Information disclosed – All assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 49	CORE	N/A	N/A	PUBLIC	Information disclosed – All assets	6

For the majority of your total assets under management, what information about your ESG approach do you (or the external managers/service providers acting on your behalf) include in material shared with clients, beneficiaries and/or the public? The material may be marketing material, information targeted towards existing or prospective clients or information for beneficiaries.

- (A) A commitment to responsible investment (e.g. that we are a PRI signatory)
- \square (B) Industry-specific and asset class–specific standards that we align with (e.g. TCFD, or GRESB for property and infrastructure)
- ☑ (C) Our responsible investment policy (at minimum a summary of our high-level approach)
- (D) A description of our investment process and how ESG is considered

- ☑ (E) ESG objectives of individual funds
- (F) Information about the ESG benchmark(s) that we use to measure fund performance
- ☑ (G) Our stewardship approach
- (H) A description of the ESG criteria applied (e.g. sectors, products, activities, ratings and similar)
- ☑ (I) The thresholds for the ESG criteria applied in our investment decisions or universe construction
- (J) A list of our main investments and holdings
- ☑ (K) ESG case study/example from existing fund(s)
- \square (L) We do not include our approach to ESG in material shared with clients/beneficiaries/the public for the majority of our assets under management

Client reporting – All assets

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 50	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Client reporting – All assets	6

What ESG information is included in your client reporting for the majority of your assets under management?

- ☑ (A) Qualitative ESG analysis, descriptive examples or case studies
- ☑ (B) Quantitative analysis or key performance indicators (KPIs) related to ESG performance
- ☑ (C) Progress on our sustainability outcome objectives
- (D) Stewardship results
- ☑ (E) Information on ESG incidents where applicable
- (F) Analysis of ESG contribution to portfolio financial performance
- □ (G) We do not include ESG information in client reporting for the majority of our assets under management

Confidence-building measures

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 52	CORE	OO 16.1	Multiple, see guidance	PUBLIC	Confidence-building measures	6

What verification has your organisation had regarding the information you have provided in your PRI Transparency Report this year?

- \square (A) We received third-party independent assurance of selected processes and/or data related to our responsible investment processes, which resulted in a formal assurance conclusion
- \square (B) We conducted a third-party readiness review and are making changes to our internal controls/governance or processes to be able to conduct an external assurance next year
- \square (C) The internal audit function team performed an independent audit of selected processes/and or data related to our responsible investment processes reported in this PRI report
- ☑ (D) Our board, CEO, other C-level equivalent and/or investment committee has signed off on our PRI report

- \square (F) We conducted an external ESG audit of our ESG/sustainability marketed funds or products (excluding ESG/RI certified or labelled assets)
- \square (G) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings to check that our funds comply with our RI policy (e.g. exclusion list or investee companies in portfolio above certain ESG rating)
- \square (H) We conducted an external ESG audit of our holdings as part of risk management, engagement identification or investment decision-making
- \square (I) Responses related to our RI practices documented in this report have been internally reviewed before submission to the PRI
- \square (J) None of the above

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
ISP 58	CORE	ISP 52	N/A	PUBLIC	Confidence-building measures	6

Who has reviewed/verified the entirety of or selected data from your PRI report?

(A) Board and/or trustees	(4) report not reviewed
(B) Chief-level staff (e.g. Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Chief Investment Officer (CIO) or Chief Operating Officer (COO))	(1) the entire report
(C) Investment committee	(1) the entire report
(D) Other chief-level staff, please specify: NA	(4) report not reviewed
(E) Head of department, please specify: NA	(4) report not reviewed
(F) Compliance/risk management team	(4) report not reviewed
(G) Legal team	(4) report not reviewed
(H) RI/ ESG team	(1) the entire report
(I) Investment teams	(3) parts of the report

Manager Selection, Appointment and Monitoring (SAM)

Selection

Responsible investment policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 2	CORE	00 11	SAM 2.1	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1, 4

During the reporting year, did your organisation include compliance with your responsible investment policy as a pre-requisite when selecting external managers? (If you did not select any external managers during the reporting year, refer to the last reporting year in which you did select external managers.)

	(1) Yes, only when selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds	(2) Yes, when selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and mainstream funds (This option also applies to signatories who may not hold ESG/sustainability funds)	(3) We did not include compliance with our responsible investment policy as a pre-requisite when selecting external managers
(A) Listed equity (active)	0	•	0
(C) Fixed income (active)	0	•	0

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 2.1	CORE	SAM 2	N/A	PUBLIC	Responsible investment policy	1,4

In what proportion of cases did your organisation include compliance with your responsible investment policy as a pre-requisite when selecting external managers?

(1) Listed equity (active)

(B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and main stream funds	(1) in all cases
(3) Fixed income (active)	
(B) When selecting external managers of ESG/sustainability funds and main stream funds	(1) in all cases

Research and screening

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 3	CORE	OO 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Research and screening	1

When selecting external managers, which aspects of their organisation do you, or the investment consultant acting on your behalf, assess against responsible investment criteria? (Per asset class, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)
(A) Firm culture	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(B) Investment approach, objectives and philosophy	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM

(C) Investment policy or guidelines	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) Governance structure and management oversight, including diversity	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) Investment strategy and fund structure	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(F) Investment team competencies	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(G) Other, please specify:	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Investment practices

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 4	CORE	OO 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment practices	1

Which responsible investment practices does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, require as part of your external manager selection criteria? (Per asset class, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.) As part of the selection criteria, we require that external managers:

(1) Listed equity (active)		(3) Fixed income (active)		
(A) Incorporate material ESG factors in all of	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM		
their investment analyses and decisions				

(B) Incorporate their own responsible investment policy into their asset allocation decisions	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(C) Have adequate resources and processes to analyse ESG factors	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(D) Incorporate material ESG factors throughout their portfolio construction	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(E) Engage with underlying portfolio assets to address ESG risks and opportunities	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(F) Comply with their own exclusions policy	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$
(G) Embed ESG considerations in contractual documentation	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(H) Implement adequate disclosure and accountability mechanisms	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(I) Are willing to work in partnership with our organisation to develop their responsible investment approach	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(J) Track the positive and negative sustainability	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$

(K) Other, please specify:

NA

NA

(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 5	PLUS	OO 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment practices	1

Does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, expressly assess the following practices regarding derivatives and short positions as part of your manager selection process? (Indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

- (A) We assess whether they apply ESG incorporation into derivatives, insurance instruments (such as CDS) and other synthetic exposures or positions
- (4) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
- (B) We assess how they apply their exclusion policies to short and derivative exposures
- (4) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
- (C) We assess whether their use of leverage is aligned with their responsible investment policy
- (1) we do not allow this practice

Stewardship

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 6	CORE	00	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	2

How does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, assess the stewardship policies of investment managers during the selection process? (Per asset class, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

(1) Listed equity (active)

(3) Fixed income (active)

- (A) We assess the degree to which their stewardship policy aligns with ours
- (4) for none of our externally managed AUM
- (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

(B) We require that their stewardship policy prioritises systemic issues	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(C) We require that their stewardship policy prioritises ESG factors beyond corporate governance	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(D) We require that their stewardship policy allows for and encourages the use of a variety of stewardship tools	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(E) We require that their stewardship policy allows for and encourages participation in collaborative initiatives	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(F) We require that their stewardship policy includes adequate escalation strategies for instances where initial efforts are unsuccessful	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(G) Other, please	NA	NA
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 7	CORE	00	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	2

How does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, assess the stewardship practices of external managers as part of the selection process? (Per asset class, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)
(A) We assess whether they allocate sufficient resources to stewardship overall	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(B) We assess whether they allocate sufficient resources for systemic stewardship	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(C) We assess the degree of implementation of their stewardship policy	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$
(D) We assess whether their investment team is involved in stewardship activities	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(E) We assess whether stewardship actions and results are fed back into the investment process and decisions	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM

(F) We assess whether they make full use of a variety of tools to advance their stewardship priorities	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(G) We assess whether they deploy their escalation process to advance their stewardship priorities where initial efforts are unsuccessful	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(H) We assess whether they participate in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$
(I) We assess whether they take an active role in their participation in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(J) Other, please specify:	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM	NA (4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 9	CORE	OO 11 and OO 9 FI	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	2

Which stewardship practices does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, assess when selecting external managers that invest in fixed income? (Per strategy, indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

(1) Fixed income (active)

(A) We assess whether they engage with issuers in the context of refinancing operations to advance ESG factors beyond governance	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(B) We assess whether they engage with issuers in the context of refinancing operations to advance systemic issues	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(C) We assess whether they prioritise ESG factors beyond governance in case of credit events	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(D) We assess whether they prioritise systemic issues in case of credit events	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM

Sustainability outcomes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 10	PLUS	OO 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1

How does your organisation, or the investment consultant acting on your behalf, assess external managers' approaches to their sustainability outcomes as part of your selection process? (Indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

- (A) We assess their track records on advancing sustainability outcomes across their assets
- (3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM

(B) We assess whether they have set targets for the sustainability outcomes of their activities or are willing to incorporate our own targets	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(C) We assess how they use key levers including asset allocation, engagement and stewardship activities to advance sustainability outcomes	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(D) We assess how well they report on their progress on sustainability outcomes across their assets	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(E) Other, please specify: NA	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Documentation and track record

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 11	CORE	OO 11	N/A	PUBLIC	Documentation and track record	1

As part of your selection process, which documents does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, review to gain confidence in external managers' responsible investment practices? (Indicate the proportion of your AUM to which each of these selection practices applies, regardless of when you selected your different external managers.)

(A) Standard client reporting, responsible investment reports or impact reports	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(B) Responsible investment methodology and its influence on past investment decisions	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(C) Historical voting and engagement activities with investees	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(D) Historical engagement activities with policymakers	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) Compliance manuals and portfolios to ensure universal construction rules are applied (e.g. exclusions, thematic, best-in-class definitions and thresholds)	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(F) Controversies and incidence reports	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM

(G) Code of conduct or codes of ethics	(1) for all of our externally managed AUM
(H) Other, please specify:	(4) for none of our externally
NA	managed AUM

Appointment

Pooled funds

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 12	CORE	OO 12, OO 5.1, OO 15	N/A	PUBLIC	Pooled funds	4

How did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, include responsible investment requirements for pooled funds in your current contracts with external managers? (Indicate the proportion of your AUM invested in pooled funds to which each of these requirements applies, regardless of when you appointed your different external managers.)

(A) We amended or instituted side letters or equivalent legal documentation to include responsible investment requirements	(4) for none of our AUM invested in pooled funds
(B) We encouraged the external manager to include responsible investment requirements into the investment mandate, the investment management agreement or equivalent legal documentation	(4) for none of our AUM invested in pooled funds

Segregated mandates

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 13	CORE	OO 12, OO 5.1	N/A	PUBLIC	Segregated mandates	4

When setting up segregated mandates with external managers, which responsible investment clauses did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, include in your current contractual agreements? (Indicate the proportion of your AUM invested in segregated funds to which each of these requirements applies, regardless of when you appointed your different external managers.)

for all of our AUM invested in segregated mandates	nager's commitment to follow our responsible investment strategy in the management of our assets
for a minority of our AUM sted in segregated mandates	manager's commitment to incorporate material ESG factors into its investment and stewardship activities
for all of our AUM invested in segregated mandates	(C) Exclusion list(s)
for a minority of our AUM sted in segregated mandates	sible investment communication and reporting obligations, including on stewardship activities and results
4) for none of our AUM sted in segregated mandates	ardship commitments in line with the PRI's guidance and focused on stainability outcomes and prioritising common goals and collaborative action
4) for none of our AUM sted in segregated mandates	pplicable, commitment to fulfil a clear policy on security lending aligned on security lending policy or with the ICGN Securities Lending Code of Best Practice
for a minority of our AUM sted in segregated mandates	(G) Incentives and controls to ensure alignment of interests
for a minority of our AUM sted in segregated mandates	nmitments on climate-related disclosure in line with internationally recognised frameworks such as the TCFD
4) for none of our AUM sted in segregated mandates	If applicable, commitment to disclose against the EU Taxonomy
for all of our AUM invested in segregated mandates	tment to respect human rights as defined in the OECD Guidelines for al Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights
	al Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human

(K) Th	the manager's acknowledgement that their appointment was conditional on their fulfilment of their responsible investment obligations	(1) for all of our AUM invested in segregated mandates
	(L) Other, please specify:	(4) for none of our AUM
	NA	invested in segregated mandates

Monitoring

Investment practices

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 14	CORE	OO 13	N/A	PUBLIC	Investment practices	1

During the reporting year, which aspects of your external manager's responsible investment practices did you, or your investment consultant acting on your behalf, monitor?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)		
(A) We monitored their alignment with our organisation's responsible investment strategy	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM		
(B) We monitored any changes in their responsible investment-related policies, resourcing, oversight and responsibilities or investment processes	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM		
(C) We monitored their use of ESG data, benchmarks, tools and certifications	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM		

(D) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected investment decisions	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(E) We monitored how ESG incorporation affected the fund's financial and ESG performance	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(F) We monitored any changes in ESG risk management processes	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(G) We monitored their response to material ESG incidents	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(H) Other, please specify:	NA (2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	NA (2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM

${\bf Stewardship}$

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 17	CORE	Multiple, see guidance	N/A	PUBLIC	Stewardship	1, 2

During the reporting year, how did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, monitor your external managers' stewardship activities?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)
(A) We monitored any changes in stewardship policies and processes	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$

(B) We monitored the degree of implementation of their stewardship policy	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$
(C) We monitored their prioritisation of systemic issues	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$
(D) We monitored their prioritisation of ESG factors beyond corporate governance	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(E) We monitored their investment team's level of involvement in stewardship activities	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$
(F) We monitored whether stewardship actions and results were fed back into the investment process and investment decisions	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(G) We monitored whether they had made full use of a variety of stewardship tools to advance their stewardship priorities	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(H) We monitored the deployment of their escalation process in cases where initial stewardship efforts were unsuccessful	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM
(I) We monitored whether they had	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$

(J) We monitored the degree to which they had taken an active role in their participation in collaborative stewardship initiatives	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	
(K) Other, please specify:	NA	NA	
specify:	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	

Sustainability outcomes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 19	PLUS	OO 13	N/A	PUBLIC	Sustainability outcomes	1

During the reporting year, how did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, monitor your external managers' progress on sustainability outcomes?

- (A) We reviewed progress on the sustainability outcomes of their activities
- \square (B) We reviewed how they used asset allocation individually or in partnership with others to make progress on sustainability outcomes
- \square (C) We reviewed how they used individual or collaborative investee engagement, including voting, to make progress on sustainability outcomes
- \square (D) We reviewed how they used individual or collaborative systemic stewardship, including policy engagement, to make progress on sustainability outcomes
- ☑ (E) We reviewed how they contributed to public goods (such as research) or public discourse (such as media) or collaborated with other actors to track and communicate progress against global sustainability goals
- \square (F) Other, please specify:
- \square (G) We did not review their progress on sustainability outcomes

Review

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 20	CORE	OO 13	N/A	PUBLIC	Review	1

During the reporting year, how often did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, require your external managers to report to you on their responsible investment practices?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)
(A) Quarterly or more often	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $\overline{\text{AUM}}$
(B) Every six months	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $\overline{\text{AUM}}$
(C) Annually	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM	(2) for the majority of our externally managed AUM
(D) Less than once a year	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM
(E) On an ad hoc basis (e.g. whenever significant changes, incidents or ESG- linked events occur)	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM

Verification

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 21	PLUS	OO 13	N/A	PUBLIC	Verification	1

During the reporting year, how did your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, verify the information reported by external managers on their responsible investment practices?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)
(A) We required evidence of internal monitoring or compliance	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$
(B) We required evidence of external monitoring or compliance	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$
(C) We required that they had an independent ESG advisory board or committee	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$
(D) We required verification by an external, independent auditor	(3) for a minority of our externally managed AUM	(3) for a minority of our externally managed $$\operatorname{AUM}$$
(E) Other, please specify:	NA	NA
speedj.	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM	(4) for none of our externally managed AUM

Engagement and escalation

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
SAM 22	CORE	OO 13	N/A	PUBLIC	Engagement and escalation	1

Which actions does your organisation, or the investment consultants acting on your behalf, include in its formal escalation process to address concerns raised during monitoring?

	(1) Listed equity (active)	(3) Fixed income (active)
(A) We notify the external manager about their placement on a watch list		
(B) We engage the external manager's board or investment committee		
(C) We reduce exposure with the external manager until any non-conformances have been rectified		
(D) We terminate the contract with the external manager if failings persist over a (notified) period of time and explain the reasons for the termination		
(E) Other, please specify	Ø	Ø
(F) Our organisation does not have a formal escalation process to address concerns raised by monitoring		

Please specify for "(E) Other" above.

We engage with our external managers to address the concern and make sure they know about it and explore solutions to deal with it in a timely manner.

Listed Equity (LE)

Stewardship

Voting policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 15	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 15.1, LE 16	PUBLIC	Voting policy	2

Does your organisation have a publicly available (proxy) voting policy? (The policy may be a standalone policy, part of a stewardship policy or incorporated into a wider RI policy.)

- (A) Yes, we have a publicly available (proxy) voting policy Add link(s):
 https://www.fondsdesjardins.com/information/droit vote en.pdf
- o (B) Yes, we have a (proxy) voting policy, but it is not publicly available
- o (C) No, we do not have a (proxy) voting policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 15.1	CORE	OO 9 LE, LE 15	N/A	PUBLIC	Voting policy	2

What percentage of your listed equity assets does your (proxy) voting policy cover?

(A) Actively managed listed equity covered by our voting policy

(12) 100%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 16	CORE	LE 15	N/A	PUBLIC	Voting policy	2

Does your organisation's policy on (proxy) voting cover specific ESG factors?

- (A) Our policy includes voting guidelines on specific governance factors Describe:
 - Our policy includes voting guidelines on multiple governance factors. E.g DI will vote for proposals aimed at separating the functions of chair of the board and president and chief executive officer and/or assigning the BD's chair role to an independent director.
- (B) Our policy includes voting guidelines on specific environmental factors Describe:

Our policy includes voting guidelines on multiple environmental factors. E.g DI will vote for proposals to encourage companies to produce an environmental report of their current or future operations, as well as those requiring the adoption of quantifiable objectives related to pollution load reduction.

(C) Our policy includes voting guidelines on specific social factors Describe:

Our policy includes voting guidelines on multiple social factors. E.g DI will vote for adopting codes of conduct or measures affecting any of the following issues: - policies against discrimination based on sex, skin colour, ethnic origin, religion or sexual orientation. - Fundamental rights in areas of conflict, - assurance of adequate working conditions in all company facilities and by its subcontractors throughout the world.

□ (D) Our policy is high-level and does not cover specific ESG factors Describe:

Alignment & effectiveness

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 17	CORE	OO 9 LE	N/A	PUBLIC	Alignment & effectiveness	2

When you use external service providers to give voting recommendations, how do you ensure that those recommendations are consistent with your organisation's (proxy) voting policy?

(A) We review service providers' controversial and high-profile voting recommendations before voting is executed	(1) in all cases
(B) Before voting is executed, we review service providers' voting recommendations where the application of our voting policy is unclear	(1) in all cases

Security lending policy

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 18	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 18.1, LE 18.2	PUBLIC	Security lending policy	2

Does your organisation have a public policy that states how voting is addressed in your securities lending programme? (The policy may be a standalone guideline or part of a wider RI or stewardship policy.)

- o (A) We have a public policy to address voting in our securities lending programme. Add link(s):
- (B) We have a policy to address voting in our securities lending programme, but it is not publicly available
- o (C) We rely on the policy of our service provider(s)
- o (D) We do not have a policy to address voting in our securities lending programme
- o (E) Not applicable, we do not have a securities lending programme

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 18.1	CORE	LE 18	N/A	PUBLIC	Security lending policy	2

How is voting addressed in your securities lending programme?

- (A) We recall all securities for voting on all ballot items
- o (B) We always recall all holdings in a company for voting on ballot items deemed important (e.g. in line with specific criteria)
- o (C) We always recall some securities so that we can vote on their ballot items (e.g. in line with specific criteria)
- o (D) We maintain some holdings so that we can vote at any time
- (E) We recall some securities on an ad hoc basis so that we can vote on their ballot items
- (F) We empower our securities lending agent to decide when to recall securities for voting purposes
- o (G) Other, please specify:
- \circ (H) We do not recall our securities for voting purposes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 18.2	CORE	LE 18	N/A	PUBLIC	Security lending policy	2

What exclusions do you apply to your organisation's securities lending programme?

☐ (A) We do not lend out shares of companies that we are engaging with either individually or as a lead or support investor in
collaborative engagements
□ (B) We do not lend out shares of companies if we own more than a certain percentage of them
\square (C) We do not lend out shares of companies in jurisdictions that do not ban naked short selling
□ (D) We never lend out all our shares of a company to ensure that we always keep voting rights in-house
\square (E) Other, please specify:

Shareholder resolutions

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 19	CORE	OO 9 LE	N/A	PUBLIC	Shareholder resolutions	2

Which of the following best describes your decision-making approach regarding shareholder resolutions, or that of your service provider(s) if decision-making is delegated to them?

- ♠ (A) In the majority of cases, we support resolutions that, if passed, are expected to advance progress on the underlying ESG factors or on our stewardship priorities
- (B) In the majority of cases, we support resolutions that, if passed, are expected to advance progress on the underlying ESG factors but only if the investee company has not already committed publicly to the action requested in the proposal
- (C) In the majority of cases, we only support shareholder resolutions as an escalation tactic when other avenues for engagement with the investee company have not achieved sufficient progress
- o (D) In the majority of cases, we support the recommendations of investee company management by default
- o (E) In the majority of cases, we do not vote on shareholder resolutions

Pre-declaration of votes

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 20	CORE	OO 9 LE	N/A	PUBLIC	Pre-declaration of votes	2

How did your organisation or your service provider(s) pre-declare votes prior to AGMs/EGMs?

- \square (A) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly through the PRI's vote declaration system
- □ (B) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly (e.g. through our own website) Link to public disclosure:
- \Box (C) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly through the PRI's vote declaration system, including the rationale for our (proxy) voting decisions where we planned to vote against management proposals or abstain
- (D) We pre-declared our voting intentions publicly, including the rationale for our (proxy) voting decisions where we planned to vote against management proposals or abstain Link to public disclosure:
- ☑ (E) Prior to the AGM/EGM, we privately communicated our voting decision to investee companies in cases where we planned to vote against management proposals or abstain
- ☐ (F) We did not privately or publicly communicate our voting intentions
- □ (G) We did not cast any (proxy) votes during the reporting year

Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 21	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 21.1	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

Do you publicly report your (proxy) voting decisions, or those made on your behalf by your service provider(s), in a central source?

- - http://vds.issproxy.com/SearchPage.php?CustomerID=3564&language=en
- (B) Yes, for the majority of (proxy) votes Link:
- \circ (C) Yes, for a minority of (proxy) votes 1) Add link and 2) Explain why you only publicly disclose a minority of (proxy) voting decisions:
- \circ (D) No, we do not publicly report our (proxy) voting decisions Explain why you do not publicly report your (proxy) voting decisions:

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 21.1	CORE	LE 21	N/A	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

In the majority of cases, how soon after an investee's AGM/EGM do you publish your voting decisions?

- \circ (A) Within one month of the AGM/EGM
- o (B) Within three months of the AGM/EGM
- (C) Within six months of the AGM/EGM
- o (D) Within one year of the AGM/EGM
- o (E) More than one year after the AGM/EGM

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 22	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 22.1	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

Did your organisation and/or the service provider(s) acting on your behalf communicate the rationale for your voting decisions?

- (A) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, the rationale was provided privately to the company
- □ (B) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, the rationale was disclosed publicly
- □ (C) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, we did not communicate the rationale
- \Box (D) We did not vote against management or abstain

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 22.1	CORE	m LE~22	N/A	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2

Indicate the proportion of votes where you and/or the service provider(s) acting on your behalf communicated the rationale for your voting decisions.

(A) In cases where we voted against management recommendations or abstained, the rationale was provided privately to the company

(1) 1-10%

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 23	CORE	OO 9 LE	LE 23.1	PUBLIC	Voting disclosure post AGM/EGM	2, 5

Did your organisation and/or the service provider(s) acting on your behalf communicate the rationale for your voting decisions when voting against a shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory?

- \square (A) In cases where we voted against a shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory, the rationale was disclosed publicly
- \square (B) In cases where we voted against a shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory, the rationale was not disclosed publicly
- \square (C) We did not vote against any shareholder resolution proposed/filed by a PRI signatory

Example

Indicator	Type of indicator	Dependent on	Gateway to	Disclosure	Subsection	PRI Principle
LE 25	PLUS	OO 9 LE	N/A	PUBLIC	Example	2

Provide examples of the most significant (proxy) voting activities that your organisation and/or the service provider acting on your behalf carried out during the reporting year.

Provide examples below: Promote fair compensation and alignment of shareholder and senior management interests. : According to our voting right policy (section 4.2.2.3 of document found at https://www.fondsdesjardins.com/information/droit vote en.pdf), the incentive portion of any compensation should be linked to objective factors such as increased income or profitability, shareholder's return on investment. (A) Example 1: or other similar measures. Other factors linked to exercising corporate social responsibility (...) may also be considered. DI supported 67% of shareholder proposals and 57% of management proposals directly related to senior management compensation plans. Moreover, the policy is generally opposed to stock option plans. Promote climate change action: According to our voting policy (article 4.3.2.4 and 4.3.2.B) of document found on https://www.fondsdesjardins.com/information/droit vote en.pdf), DI generally expects that the companies it invests in to take the necessary measures to protect the environment, as concerns both their activities and their products or services. Moreover, DI will vote for proposals encouraging companies to produce an environmental (B) Example 2: report of their current or future operations, as well as those requiring the adoption of quantifiable objectives related to pollution load reduction. DI voted in favor of 38% of shareholder proposals directly related to the climate change issue. Among these proposals, Desjardins supported proposals on the implementation of GHG reduction targets, the impact assessment of a 2°C scenario and the development of strategies related to climate change.

(C) Example 3:

The DI voting rights policy reflects Desjardins' commitment to the 30% Club. As per Desjardins voted against the nominating committee chair when there are less than two women candidates and there is a lack of diversity on the board.